

DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF INFORMATION SYSTEM KIPIS

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Topics

- About the KIPIS project
- About the KIPIS system



Port of Klaipeda in figures

- n 415 hect. of port territory and 623 hect. of port water
- 800 different enterprises
- n 25 km. of port quays
- n 30 different port terminals
- n 160.000 m² of covered warehousing facilities
- 640.000 m³ of liquid cargo storage tanks
- n 780.000 m² of open storage sites
- 7700 wessels per year (2006)
- n 23,6 mln. tons of cargo turnover (2006)



Port community

- Over 60 ship agencies
- Over 70 freight forwarding enterprises
- 22 stevedoring enterprises
- n JSC "Lithuanian Railways" (main carrier, 70% of cargo.)
- n Klaipeda Territorial Customs
- n Klaipeda Public Health Centre
- State Plant Protection Service
- Border and Transport State Veterinary Service
- State Border Guard Service
- Fishery Department under the Ministry of Agriculture
- n Klaipeda State Seaport Authority



Problems in data exchange today

- >40 different paper documents
- Same data repeats in different documents
- Different institutions have to be provided with the copies of the same documents
- Many points for submition of cargo information
- Different methods of data exch. between partners
- Manual enter of the same data into different IS
- Information delays causing delays in cargo handling
- Human factor and human mistakes
- Lack of statistics



Objectives of KIPIS project

- Development and implementation of KIPIS inf. System
- Simplification of port processes by using of modern IT technologies, seeking to speed up movement of cargoes via Klaipeda port
- Increase of the efficiency and competitive ability of Klaipeda seaport



What is a KIPIS system?

KIPIS – Information system for data exchange between port companies and state institutions, taking part in cargo handling and cargo inspection within port area.



Main info on KIPIS project

- § Project leader Klaipeda State Seaport Authority
- § Beginning of the project April 2005
- Project is partialy financed by the European Regional Development Fund
- § Budget over 1,5 M Euro
- Project finish August 2008



Project partners

- Customs department
- Association of Lithuanian Shipbrokers & Agents
- Association of Lithuanian Stevedoring Companies
- n JSC "Lithuanian Railways"







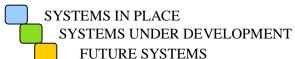


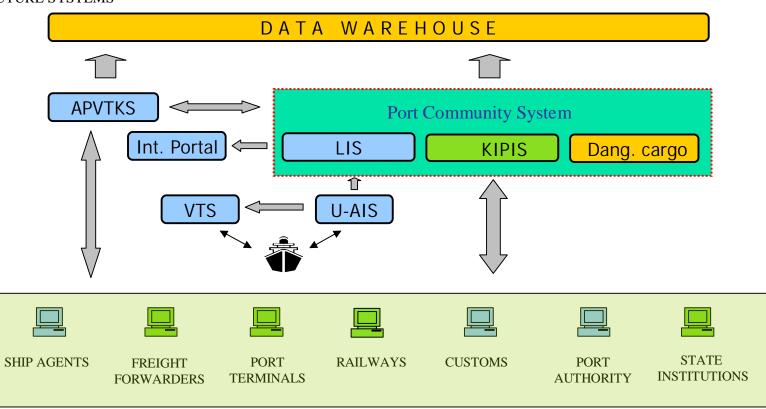
Project stages

- Detailed analysis of port processes and user requirements
- System design
- Ø Development of system application
- Implementation and testing (Sept. 2007)
- Trial exploitation (Nov. 2007)
- ø Exploitation and tech. support (Feb 2008.)



KIPIS and Port IS











KIPIS users

- Freight forwarders
- Ship agencies
- Stevedoring enterprises
- n Customs
- State Veterinary Service
- State Plant Protection Service
- Klaipeda Public Health Centre
- State Border Guard Service
- n Fishery Department
- Klaipeda State Seaport Authority

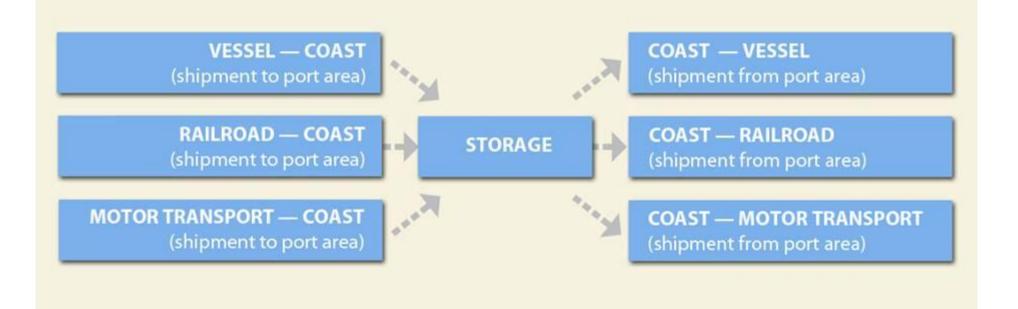


Links with outer IS

- ASYCUDA++ (Processing system for customs import and export declarations)
- NCTS (Processing system for computerized transit customs declarations)
- LIS (Ship information system of Seaport Authority)
- APVTKS (Technical control system for the vehicle and pedestrian gates of the Seaport Authority)
- KROVINYS (Cargo accounting system of JSC "Lithuanian Railways")



PROCESS MODEL OF THE SYSTEM





Some documents processed within the system (1)

- Ship documents (according FAL convention)
- Ship Consignments
- Invoices of the motor transport
- Rail consignments (KR-99, SMGS, CIM)
- Request for cargo stevedoring
- Certificate of stevedoring work
- Permit to enter the territory of the port terminal
- Permit to export goods
- Shipment organization agreement KR-122



Kai kurie sistemoje tvarkomi dokumentai (2)

- General declaration and T2L declaration
- n Import, export, and transit declarations
- Request to issue a phytosanitary document
- Phytosanitary certificate
- Certificate of quality
- Document of phytosanitary traffic
- Veterinary import permit
- Request to take the goods under customs supervision for inspection



Simplification of the port process

- Principle of "Single window"
- Principle of "Green corridor" for EU commodities
- No more authorisations for stevedoring operations
- Electronic data instead of paper documents



KIPIS techninės ypatybės

- Web-solution (Multilayer internet architecture)
- ~30 documents managed by system
- >1000 supposed users
- Multilingual user's interface (LT, EN, RU)
- Electronic signature (according EU Directive No. 1999/93/EC)
- Use of ORACLE RDBMS
- Use of "workflow" technology



Predictable benefits

For business:

- Reduction of number of physical cargo inspections
- Saving the time of port companies
- Increase of throughput and competitive advantage of the seaport
- n For state institutions:
- Improvement of quality of services
- More reliable control of goods
- Saving of resources
- Increase of public safety



Thank you!



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